**Project Milestone 1**

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DSC 540: Data Preparation

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**Introduction**

Throughout the term, we will be working on a project that has 5 milestones, with each milestone being due every two weeks, beginning in Weeks 3 & 4. The goal of the project is to build on the materials covered during each 2-week period. This week, we are working on milestone. We need to Select the data we want to work with.

* Select 3 different data sources that have different file types of information – and the data will need to have a relationship between them, or such relationship will need to be created.
* Select one of each of the following types of datasets – and a minimum of 1000 rows across all datasets. Each dataset should have a minimum of 10 columns/variables.
* Types of dataset needed: CSV/Excel/PDF or another flat file source, website with table formatted data, API.

For this project, I have decided to work with covid19 data. Given the high impact this pandemic has had over all of us. I am confident that I can find plenty data.

**Data Source 1**

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) is a great source of health data. I was able to find the “Provisional COVID-19 Death Counts by Sex, Age, and week” (Provisional\_COVID-19\_Death\_Counts\_by\_Sex\_\_Age\_\_and\_Week.csv) data set containing

deaths involving coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) are reported to NCHS by sex and age group and week ending date. This data is categorized as National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) data and is considered public.

This data set was created on May 15, 2020 and is updated weekly. Number of deaths reported in are the total number of deaths received and coded as of the date of analysis, and do not represent all deaths that occurred in that period. Data during this period are incomplete because of the lag in time between when the death occurred and when the death certificate is completed, submitted to NCHS and processed for reporting purposes. This delay can range from 1 week to 8 weeks or more.

The “Provisional COVID-19 Death Counts by Sex, Age, and week” csv file contains 8 columns and 1909 rows. I plan on adding more data to it to make it 10 columns. The current columns in the file are: Data as of, State, MMWR, Week End Week, Sex, Age Group, Total Deaths, COVID-19 Deaths.

**Data Source 2**

For the table style website, I decided to use Worldometer. This is a reference website that provides counters and real-time statistics for diverse topics. It is part of the Real Time Statistics Project, and managed by international developers, researchers and volunteers.

This website has been tracking covid19 cases since it started about a year ago in China. It shows a table structured data set that allows us to see number of cases and deaths, among other information for each country, state, county, etc. around the world. For this project, I will be using United States data and include study specific data for states like Florida and California.

The tale has the following fields: Country/State/County, Total Cases, New Cases, Total Deaths, New Deaths, Total Recovered, Active Cases, Tot Cases/1M pop, Deaths/1M pop, Total Tests, Tests/1M pop, Population, Source, Projections.

It is important to mention that when the table is showing rows by state, there are not over 1000 rows. However, some states like Florida and California, allow you to look at data by county. In this case, I can extract information for specific states to make the dataset over 1000 rows.

**Data Source 3: API**

For the API for this project, I selected The Covid tracking project API. The API’s documentation has a complete codebook which I have included below.

#### Fields

**date**

Field type: integer

**Date**

Date on which data was collected by The COVID Tracking Project.

**dateChecked**

Field type: string

Deprecated. This is an old label for lastUpdateEt.

**death**

Field type: integer

**Deaths (confirmed and probable)**

Total **fatalities with confirmed OR probable COVID-19 case diagnosis** (per the expanded [CSTE case definition](https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.cste.org/resource/resmgr/2020ps/Interim-20-ID-01_COVID-19.pdf) of April 5th, 2020 [approved by the CDC](https://wwwn.cdc.gov/nndss/conditions/coronavirus-disease-2019-covid-19/case-definition/2020/)). In some states, these individuals must also have COVID-19 listed on the death certificate to count as a COVID-19 death. When states post multiple numbers for fatalities, the metric includes only deaths with COVID-19 listed on the death certificate, unless deaths among cases is a more reliable metric in the state.

Returns nullif no data is available

**deathIncrease**

Field type: integer

**New deaths**

Daily increase in death, calculated from the previous day’s value.

Returns nullif no data is available

**hash**

Field type: string

A hash for this record

**hospitalized**

Field type: integer

Deprecated. Old label for hospitalizedCumulative.

Returns nullif no data is available

**hospitalizedCumulative**

Field type: integer

**Cumulative hospitalized/Ever hospitalized**

Total number of individuals who have **ever been hospitalized with COVID-19**. Definitions vary by state / territory, and it is not always clear whether pediatric patients are included in this metric. Where possible, we report patients hospitalized with confirmed or suspected COVID-19 cases.

Returns nullif no data is available

**hospitalizedCurrently**

Field type: integer

**Currently hospitalized/Now hospitalized**

Individuals who are **currently hospitalized with COVID-19**. Definitions vary by state / territory, and it is not always clear whether pediatric patients are included in this metric. Where possible, we report patients hospitalized with confirmed or suspected COVID-19 cases.

Returns nullif no data is available

**hospitalizedIncrease**

Field type: integer

**New total hospitalizations**

Daily increase in hospitalizedCumulative, calculated from the previous day’s value.

Returns nullif no data is available

**inIcuCumulative**

Field type: integer

**Cumulative in ICU/Ever in ICU**

Total number of individuals who have **ever been hospitalized in the Intensive Care Unit with COVID-19**. Definitions vary by state / territory, and it is not always clear whether pediatric patients are included in this metric. Where possible, we report patients in the ICU with confirmed or suspected COVID-19 cases.

Returns nullif no data is available

**inIcuCurrently**

Field type: integer

**Currently in ICU/Now in ICU**

Individuals who are **currently hospitalized in the Intensive Care Unit with COVID-19**. Definitions vary by state / territory, and it is not always clear whether pediatric patients are included in this metric. Where possible, we report patients in the ICU with confirmed or suspected COVID-19 cases.

Returns nullif no data is available

**lastModified**

Field type: string

Deprecated. Old label for lastUpdateET.

**negative**

Field type: integer

**Negative PCR tests (people)**

Total number of **unique people with a completed PCR test that returns negative**. For states / territories that do not report this number directly, we compute it using one of several methods, depending on which data points the state provides. Due to complex reporting procedures, this number might be mixing units and therefore, at best, it should only be considered an estimate of the number of people with a completed PCR test that return negative.

Returns nullif no data is available

**negativeIncrease**

Field type: integer

Increase in negative computed by subtracting the value of negative for the previous day from the value for negative from the current day.

Returns nullif no data is available

**onVentilatorCumulative**

Field type: integer

**Cumulative on ventilator/Ever on ventilator**

Total number of individuals who have **ever been hospitalized under advanced ventilation with COVID-19**. Definitions vary by state / territory, and it is not always clear whether pediatric patients are included in this metric. Where possible, we report patients on ventilation with confirmed or suspected COVID-19 cases.

Returns nullif no data is available

**onVentilatorCurrently**

Field type: integer

**Currently on ventilator/Now on ventilator**

Individuals who are **currently hospitalized under advanced ventilation with COVID-19**. Definitions vary by state / territory, and it is not always clear whether pediatric patients are included in this metric. Where possible, we report patients on ventilation with confirmed or suspected COVID-19 cases.

Returns nullif no data is available

**pending**

Field type: integer

**Pending**

Total number of **viral tests that have not been completed** as reported by the state or territory.

Returns nullif no data is available

**posNeg**

Field type: integer

Deprecated. Computed by adding positive and negative values.

Returns nullif no data is available

**positive**

Field type: integer

**Cases (confirmed plus probable)**

Total number of **confirmed plus probable cases** of COVID-19 reported by the state or territory, ideally per the [August 5, 2020 CSTE case definition](https://wwwn.cdc.gov/nndss/conditions/coronavirus-disease-2019-covid-19/case-definition/2020/08/05/). Some states are following the older [April 5th, 2020 CSTE case definition](https://wwwn.cdc.gov/nndss/conditions/coronavirus-disease-2019-covid-19/case-definition/2020/) or using their own custom definitions. Not all states and territories report probable cases. If a state is not reporting probable cases, this field will just represent confirmed cases.

Returns nullif no data is available

**positiveIncrease**

Field type: integer

**New cases**

The daily increase in API field positive, which measures **Cases (confirmed plus probable)** calculated based on the previous day’s value.

Returns nullif no data is available

**recovered**

Field type: integer

**Recovered**

Total number of **people that are identified as recovered from COVID-19**. States provide very disparate definitions on what constitutes a “recovered” COVID-19 case. Types of “recovered” cases include those who are discharged from hospitals, released from isolation after meeting CDC guidance on [symptoms cessation](https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/disposition-in-home-patients.html), or those who have not been identified as fatalities after a number of days (30 or more) post disease onset. Specifics vary for each state or territory.

Returns nullif no data is available

**states**

Field type: integer

**States**

Only available in national records. The number of states and territories included in the US dataset for this day.

**total**

Field type: integer

Deprecated. Computed by adding positive, negative, and pending values.

Returns nullif no data is available

**totalTestResults**

Field type: integer

**Total test results**

At the national level, this metric is a summary statistic which—because it sums figures from states reporting tests in **test encounters** with those reporting tests in **specimens** and in **people**—is an aggregate calculation of heterogeneous figures. Therefore, it should be contextualized as, at best, an estimate of national testing performance.

In most states, the totalTestResults field is currently computed by adding positive and negative values because, historically, some states do not report totals, and to work around different reporting cadences for cases and tests. In Colorado, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Florida, Hawaii, Minnesota, Nevada, New York, North Dakota, Rhode Island, Virginia, Washington, and Wisconsin, where reliable testing encounters figures are available with a complete time series, we directly report those figures in this field. In Alaska, America Samoa, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Georgia, Indiana, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, Ohio, Oregon, Texas, Utah, Vermont, and Wyoming, where reliable specimens figures are available with a complete time series, we directly report those figures in this field. In Alabama, Idaho, and South Dakota, where reliable unique people figures are available with a complete time series, we directly report those figures in this field. We are in the process of switching all states over to use directly reported total figures, using a policy of preferring testing encounters, specimens, and people, in that order.

Returns nullif no data is available

**totalTestResultsIncrease**

Field type: integer

**New tests**

Daily increase in totalTestResults, calculated from the previous day’s value. This calculation includes all the caveats associated with Total tests/totalTestResults, and we recommend against using it at the state/territory level.

Returns nullif no data is available

**Conclusion**

Unfortunately, as is expected with public health data sets, data is anonymized so I will need to build some sort of patient id key that would allow me to build a relationship between the different rows of my data sets. However, if it is appropriate, I would also like to use location as keys to find relationships between my data set.

I would also like to find additional demographics information that I can use to find insights about how covid19 affects different races, ethnicities, etc.

I have a couple of questions I would like to answer with this data set:

1. Are the number of deaths higher in male patients than female?
2. Are seniors’ death rate higher than non-senior?
3. Examine the overall trend of the time series and how some of the variables might be contributing to that trend.
4. Are number of deaths higher in certain states during a particular time-period. Possible causes?

In order to be able to accomplish this, I will need to work on completing my data sets, cleaning the data,

**References**

<https://data.cdc.gov/NCHS/Provisional-COVID-19-Death-Counts-by-Sex-Age-and-W/vsak-wrfu/data>

<https://www.worldometers.info/coronavirus/country/us/>

<https://covidtracking.com/data/api>